

Medical Research

Future Fund

Webinar – MRFF Principles for Consumer Involvement 3 August 2023

Co-hosts

- Dr Masha Somi, Chief Executive Officer, Health and Medical Research Office
- Mr John Stubbs AM, Chair, MRFF Consumer Reference Panel

Medical Research Future Fund

Agenda

1. Introduction and background

- Masha Somi (Chief Executive Officer, Health and Medical Research Office (HMRO))
- John Stubbs (Chair, MRFF Consumer Reference Panel (CRP))
- Caroline Homer (Deputy Chair, Australian Medical Research Advisory Board (AMRAB))

2. Consumer involvement in health and medical research – how and why:



Bernadette Brady



Yvonne Cadet-James



Merryn Carter



Tom Snelling

3. Questions and Answers





2015-2021

Some practices & processes in place to encourage consumer engagement in the MRFF

...but we wanted to do more...



2022

Established the MRFF Consumer Reference Panel

"to provide advice to the CEO of HMRO on strategies for strengthening consumer involvement in MRFF implementation"

2022-onwards

Working with the CRP to strengthen consumer involvement in the MRFF

Initial deliverables:

- Develop principles for consumer involvement in MRFF-funded research projects
- Reviewing and providing advice on MRFF processes, e.g. grant guidelines, assessment processes

In progress

Done



Refresh of the MRFF assessment criteria

Criterion 1 – Project Impact

In your response to this criterion, you should ensure that you:

- articulate how the program of research will address a systemic and significant health care or health system need that is of value to the community, health service providers, and health system managers.
- demonstrate how the proposed program of research will strengthen capacity within the health sector for research, innovation and knowledge exchange.
- demonstrate how the views and values of consumers, the community, health providers and/or other
 end users have informed the proposed research, including how the needs and priorities of
 consumers (particularly those with lived experience and their carers) have informed the research
 question.

-

Criterion 2 - Methodology

In your response to this criterion, you should ensure you clearly articulate:

- the research question and the proposed approach for addressing it, including (as appropriate) tools and techniques, participants (<u>e.g.</u> diversity of participants), interventions, controls, statistical approaches, and strategies for data collection and use
- how consumers will be involved in the proposed research, including their contributions throughout the life of the project
- arrangements for project governance and oversight to support its successful delivery.
- appropriate milestones, performance indicators and timeframes.

Criterion 3 - Capacity, Capability and Resources

In your response to this criterion, you should ensure that you demonstrate:

- the research team has an appropriate mix of skills (scientific, project management, etc) to undertake the proposed research
- the research team includes individuals that bring diverse experiences and expertise (e.g. across disciplines, genders, cultures, lived experience relevant to the research question, career stages and research sectors)
- the research team has the skills, experience and capacity
 to involve and support consumers (including those with
 lived experience) in the proposed research, and ensure
 that this is done appropriately and effectively
- the commitment of partners to the project and how they will support (through financial and in-kind contributions) its successful delivery.

NB: Yellow text = additions from the late 2022 refresh



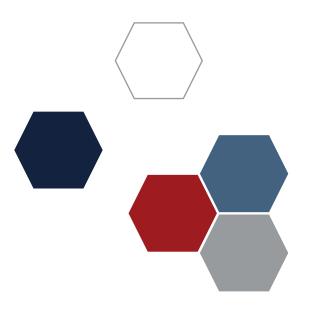
Providing advice on MRFF processes

- ✓ Light-touch review of assessment criteria descriptors
- ✓ Pilots in the 2023 MRFF Consumer-Led Research Grant Opportunity:
 - Consumer Involvement Statement 2 pages in grant application
 - Greater consumer involvement in assessment multiple consumers as full, scoring panel members
- ✓ Review of the draft NHMRC/MRFF Statement on Sex, Gender, Variations of Sex Characteristics and Sexual Orientation in Health and Medical Research
- Reviewing grant opportunity guideline templates
- Inputting into research topics/prioritisation
 - Future Consumer-Led Research Grant Opportunities
 - MRFF Preventive and Public Health Research Initiative \$100 million over 10 years from 2022-23 allocated to a Consumer-Led Research stream
- Further implementation of the CRP principles, e.g.
 - Guidance for researchers, e.g. costs associated with consumer involvement can be included in MRFF applications





Mr John Stubbs AM



Chair MRFF Consumer Reference Panel



Principles for Consumer Involvement in Research Funded by MRFF ~ WHY? ~

The inclusion and strengthening of the consumer voice will **improve the quality, relevance** and **impact** of MRFF-funded research, through:

- More, safe, diverse and effective consumer involvement
- Recognising the valuable perspectives that Australians with lived experience as patients, clients, service users and carers bring to research
- Recognising the diversity of our Australian population and the importance of including these varied life experiences, values and cultures in our research
- Helping researchers, research organisations, consumers and other relevant stakeholders by providing guidance on what 'good' consumer involvement looks like



Principles for Consumer Involvement in Research Funded by MRFF



Scan me!

Or visit

https://www.health.gov.au/resources/publications/principles-for-consumer-involvement-in-research-funded-by-the-medical-research-future-fund?language=en

A **consumer** is a person with lived experience as a patient, client, potential patient, user of health services, and/or providing support as a carer, family or community member

*Document includes implementation ideas and examples of what 'good' consumer involvement looks like



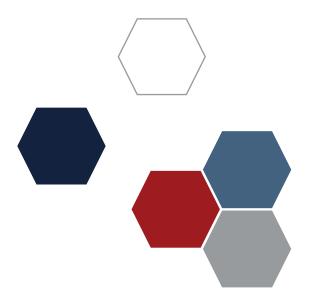
Principles for Consumer Involvement in Research Funded by MRFF (cont.)

- In every type of research, including basic science, public health, preventive health, translation and clinical research.
- At all stages of research, from defining the need/priority of a research question, refining the research question and research design through to conduct of the research and sharing and translation of results.
- In partnership with researchers, with consumers respected and recognised for the valuable and complementary knowledge, expertise and perspectives they bring to the research.
- **Effectively**, with sufficient time, resources and depth of relationships to enable consumers to understand and actively engage with and contribute to the research.
- Sensitively and safely, through research teams with strong and broad capacity and capabilities in consumer involvement, appropriate training and a supportive environment for consumers, and clearly defined and agreed roles.
- With broad diversity and equity, with the goal of increasing involvement of priority populations through culturally safe and appropriate engagement.





Professor Caroline Homer AO

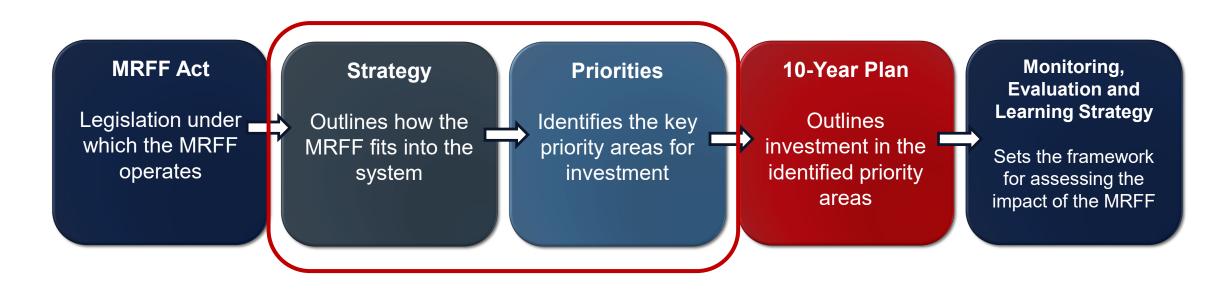


Deputy Chair Australian Medical Research Advisory Board (AMRAB)



Message from the Australian Medical Research Advisory Board (AMRAB)

- AMRAB advises the Minister for Health and Aged Care on prioritising spending from the MRFF
- Responsible for developing the Australian Medical Research and Innovation Strategy and the Australian Medical Research and Innovation Priorities via a public consultation process





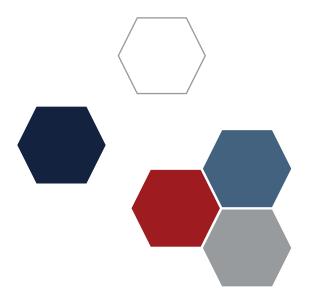
AMRAB support for the MRFF Consumer Involvement Principles

- AMRAB strongly supports the Principles for Consumer Involvement in Research Funded by MRFF
 - Consumer involvement is critical to get the greatest impact from our tax payerfunded research
 - Statement of what best practice looks like
 - It's not 'mandatory', but a statement of future intent and an excellent guide
 - Start doing what you can now
 - It's a learning process and takes time and resources
 - Don't let perfect be the enemy of good
 - It's not just on researchers, but requires support from their organisations and all aspects of the system, including funders





Dr Bernadette Brady



Clinical Specialist Physiotherapist
Physiotherapy Department & Department of Pain Medicine, Liverpool Hospital
Conjoint Senior Lecturer, Physiotherapy, Western Sydney University
Clinical Senior Lecturer, The University of Sydney

Diverse Communities in ResearchConsumers

Bernadette Brady, PhD

Specialist Physiotherapist / Clinical Senior Lecturer
Liverpool Hospital / University of Sydney

<u>Bernadette.Brady@health.nsw.gov.au</u>







> 50% non-English speaking¹

Fairfield LGA most disadvantaged in Sydney Metro²

High refugee resettlement³

Health Challenges

- Disproportionate burden of disease
- Different belief systems & values
- Engagement = Outcomes

Fairfield Braeside Liverpool Bankstown Camden Campbelltown Bowral

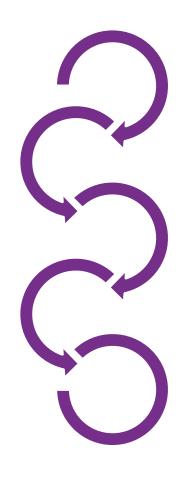
¹ABS Census 2020

²SEIFA 2016

³Doherty 2017







Relationship building





- Relationship building
- Understanding consumer perspectives



An exploration of the experience of pain among culturally diverse migrant communities

Bernadette Brady^{1,2}, Irena Veljanova³ and Lucinda Chipchase²

Pain experiences of Hindi-speaking Indian migrants in Sydney: a qualitative study

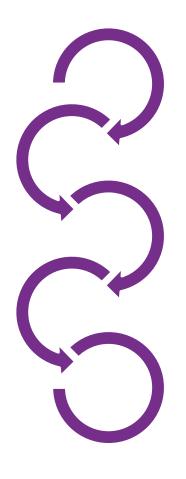
Pavithra Rajan^{a,*}, Claire E Hiller^a, Andrew Leaver^a, Sarah Dennis^{a,b,c}, Kathryn Refshauge^a, Bernadette Brady^{a,b}

The Intersections of Chronic Noncancer Pain: Culturally Diverse Perspectives on Disease Burden

Bernadette Brady, MManTherapy,**,† Irena Veljanova, PhD,‡ and Lucinda Chipchase, PhD,*

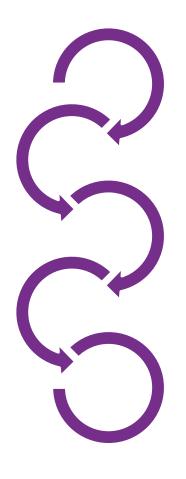
A Mixed-Methods Investigation into Patients' Decisions to Attend an Emergency Department for Chronic Pain

Bernadette Brady (a), PhD,**,[†], Toni Andary, BAppSc,[§] Sheng Min Pang, BAppSc,[‡] Sarah Dennis, PhD,**,[†] Pranee Liamputtong, PhD,**,[‡] Robert Boland, PhD,*,[§] Elise Tcharkhedian, B Physio,[†] Matthew Jennings, BAppSc,*,[†] Natalie Pavlovic, BAppSc,[§] Marguerite Zind, MA,* Paul Middleton, MMBS, MD, MMed,[†],||,**,[†],†,[‡] and Lucy Chipchase, PhD*,^{§§}



- Relationship building
- Understanding consumer perspectives
- Deriving questions from community priorities
 & interests

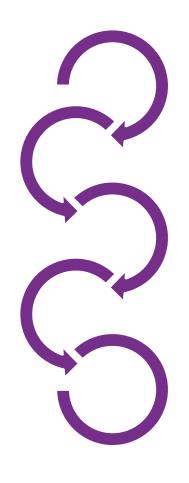




- Relationship building
- Understanding consumer perspectives
- Deriving questions from community priorities
 & interests

The Natural Helper approach to culturally responsive disease management: protocol for a type 1 effectiveness-implementation cluster randomised controlled trial of a cultural mentor programme





- Relationship building
- Understanding consumer perspectives
- Deriving questions from community priorities
 & interests
- Opportunities for meaningful engagement in research activities

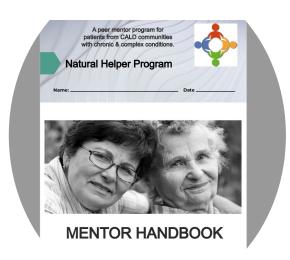


Consumer Advisory Group Activities

Culturally appropriate inlanguage participant information videos



Intervention Design



As you have a chronic condition?

By you have a chronic condition?

Any you have a chronic condition?

Any you find any any of the condition and have completed treatment, we would like to greatly any of the condition of the con

Project Promotional Materials



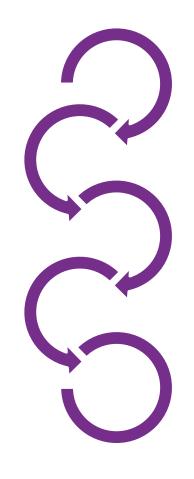




- Relationship building
- Understanding consumer perspectives
- Deriving questions from community priorities
 & interests
- Opportunities for meaningful engagement in research activities
- Continuous negotiation/re-negotiation



Successful co-production



- TIME
- HARNESSING DIVERSE MOTIVATIONS
- FLEXIBILITY
- CAPACITY & LITERACY BUILDING



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Consumer Advisors

CORE Community Services

SWSLHD Multicultural Health Service





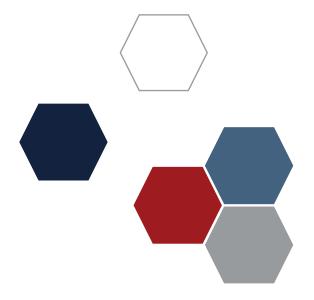












Adjunct Professor Indigenous Education and Research Centre and the Office of the Provost, James Cook University

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Consumers in Research

Presentation for The Medical Research Future Fund Webinar

Professor Yvonne Cadet-James

Acknowledgement:

I acknowledge the Traditional Owners and Custodians of the lands on which I present today.

I also acknowledge the Traditional Owners and Custodians of the lands across the nation where participants are located

I acknowledge ancestors and elders – the creators and holders of unique knowledge systems who have cared for this land over time and made a significant contribution to the nation and its people



Introduction

- Gugu Badhun Nation; Co-Director Dijma Gugu Badhun Research Centre
- ▶ Background as a RN and RM with 45 years in health field
- Academia Health Sciences, Public Health & Indigenous Health research
- Research interests include Empowerment, Social, Emotional Wellbeing, Mental Health, Maternal, Adolescent and Child Health.
- I have been asked to talk about my experience working with consumers in Indigenous Health Research



MRFF Principles for Consumer Involvement in Research Funded by the Medical Research Future Fund

"The object of the Medical Research Future Fund (MRFF) is to improve the health and wellbeing of Australians. Our collective ability to achieve this is enhanced by effectively involving consumers in the prioritisation, design, conduct, translation and evaluation of research funded by the MRFF as well as in the selection of funded research projects".

"Consumers bring a broad range of valuable perspectives and experiences, such as diversity in culture, linguistics, gender and ability, that can improve the quality, relevance and impact of research".

(The Hon Mark Butler MP Minister for Health and Aged Care, 2023)



Indigenous Researchers

Indigenous people continue to share their rich culture, their knowledge systems, science and respect for the land and environment.

- Indigenous peoples are the oldest researchers in the world conducting research into all aspects of life for survival, to gain and build on existing knowledge and to discover new knowledge.
- > This included research that resulted in inventions, innovation and the development of unique knowledge systems in the areas of science, physics, engineering, medicine, astronomy, agriculture, aquaculture, anthropology and the arts as examples.



- As Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people consumers are our families and communities
- We belong to our nation or language groups as Traditional Custodians of the lands which are traced back to our ancestors
- We are members of complex kinship systems which govern our social organisation and determines our commitments and obligations within our kinship groups
- We have in common connection to the land, sea, waters, animals, plants, environment, celestial bodies
- > We are bound by common rules of social order, engagement and respect across nation/language groups which underpins how we conduct research

Community Partnership In Research

Principles of Co-production

- Researchers, practitioners, and members of the public collaborating to develop research.
- Researchers and end-users working together as peers to ensure that the purpose of the research, the research methodology, and the application of research outputs are relevant to, and appropriate for the end users.

> Community Engagement

- Existing relationships or growing relationship
- Understanding community priorities and needs
- Understanding community profiles and dynamics
- Making connections with Elders, Councils, relevant stakeholders
- Meetings with organisations and community groups
- Involvement in all aspects of the development of the research protocol and ethics application

Community Partnership in Research

Identify roles with Community Members

- Chief & Associate Investigators, Advisory Group members, project & research officers, community researchers.
- Employment opportunities

processes

- Skills engagement, recruitment, data collection & analysis, writing, knowledge translation.
- Training required to strengthen capacity & capability for community and researchers.
- Project Plan and Research Agreement working together to determine roles and responsibilities, engagement and feedback process; milestone meetings, training dates, mediation

Community Partnership in Research

Research Benefit, Impact & Translation

Determine with community;



- How will the research benefit the community and/or broader society?
- What impact will the research make on their economy, society, environment or culture?
- A process of integrated knowledge translation which occurs at each stage of the research to inform the next stage, rather than just at the end – the co-production of knowledge, its exchange and translation into action.
- > A plan for knowledge translation at community, organization and government levels.
- Reflections on the planning and conduct of the research lessons learnt.

Canadian Institutes of Health Research (http://www.cihr irsc.gc.ca/e/44954.html)

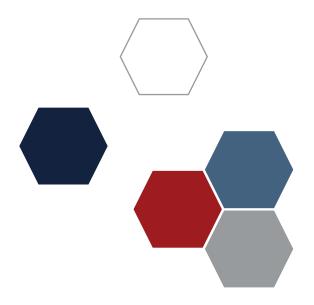
Thank You











Walter and Eliza Hall Institute (WEHI) Breast Cancer Lab (consumer advocate) Breast Cancer Trials Australia New Zealand Consumer Advisory Panel (member) MRFF Consumer Reference Panel member

How consumers are involved in basic health research

(and why that matters)

3 August 2023

Two examples of consumer involvement

1998: Breast Cancer Trials Australia/New Zealand (BCT) establishes its Consumer
Advisory Panel (CAP), recognising the value and importance of consumer input to the
planning and conduct of clinical trials research. CAP has members from both Australia
and New Zealand.

• **2013**: The **Walter and Eliza Hall Institute** (WEHI) becomes one of the first medical research institutes in Australia to actively involve consumers working in partnership with researchers. The Consumer Program has grown from 6 consumers to currently 103 with more recruitment necessary.

HOW consumers are involved in basic health research

At Breast Cancer Trials

- the Consumer Advisory Panel is asked to review and provide feedback on all Trial Concepts, Protocols and Patient Information and Consent materials (PICFs, forms and sometimes videos)
- CAP members share the load of this review work, contributing as their time allows
- the trial protocol documents can be extremely long and complex; my experience at WEHI provided great training for this work
- consumer review of trial designs provides critical participant perspective, helping
 ensure trial participation is made as comfortable, safe and convenient as possible
- consumer review of PICFs helps ensure they are as easy to understand as possible, increasing the likelihood of trial participation

HOW consumers are involved in basic health research

At WEHI

- researchers are now assigned teams of consumers, to prevent consumer fatigue
- this allows the consumers to support each other, spread the work load (perhaps most important at grant application review time), and brings different perspectives and skills to the table
- consumers are involved in reviewing public presentations and conference posters to ensure clear language, are advocates for WEHI, can act as mentors for early career researchers and speak alongside their researchers when discoveries are made
- consumers meet quarterly with their research team/s to discuss and keep up to date with research progress

HOW consumers are involved in basic health research

At WEHI

- at these meetings, researchers present reports on their work, ensuring consumers' knowledge
 of the research aims, techniques and outcomes, and enhancing the researcher's ability to
 communicate their research in lay language
- discussion provides opportunities for questions, ideas, clarifications, and sharing of thoughts and experiences from different perspectives
- Two projects involving WEHI have **received MRFF funding** recently: the "GLIMMER" research program for glioblastoma (an aggressive brain cancer with a five-year survival rate of just 5%) received \$4.6m, and a WEHI-led collaboration with Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre received over \$900,000 to develop a cancer vaccine for patients with limited treatment options. There are high level consumer engagement **consumer reference groups/steering committees for both of these projects.**

WHY consumers are involved in basic health research

"it is now widely accepted that consumers and community members add value to health and medical research and have a right and responsibility to do so."

(Expectations and Value – Framework for Effective Consumer and Community Engagement in Research, NHMRC 2020)

- "Nothing about us without us"
- It grounds the work in 'real world' perspectives and people's lived experiences of health conditions.
- Health and medical research is a 'public good'. For accountability and transparency, the public should be involved.

From Increasing Consumer and Community Involvement in Medical Research, Robyn Smith, Melbourne Academic Centre for Health, 2021

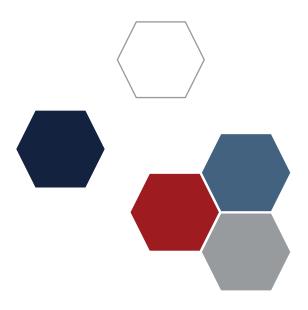
WHY consumers are involved in basic health research

- When consumer involvement activities and consumer-researcher relationships are genuine, mutually respectful and well supported, they have positive impacts on individual consumers and researchers, on the research process and outcomes, and for the organisation.
- There is a clear role for consumers to contribute to setting research agendas, planning and developing research direction and in communicating and disseminating research outcomes.
- From *Increasing Consumer and Community Involvement in Medical Research,* Robyn Smith, Melbourne Academic Centre for Health, 2021
- PLUS, in my experience, consumer involvement helps researchers write better grant applications, and communicate their research aims, plans and results more clearly. This helps better communicate the role of medical science and discovery to the public.









Director of Health and Clinical Analytics, School of Public Health, University of Sydney

Infectious diseases physician, Sydney Children's Hospitals Network

Involving consumers in clinical research

Tom Snelling

Health & Clinical Analytics, School of Public Health





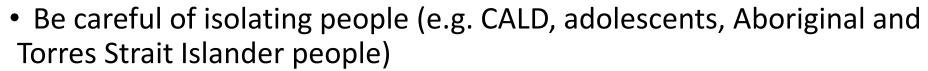
Ongoing, productive relationships

- Once-off vs continued vs on-going
- Responsive vs agenda-setting
- Advisory vs steering



Diversity of perspectives

- E.g. BEAT-CF CRG
 - People with CF
 - Parents, carers and partners
 - Males to females
 - Regional/remote



Research buddies



Priorities

- Needs to be done before the funding is requested
- Distinguish research from service/ care needs
- Priority = need x opportunity
- Priority setting:
 - Informal vs formal



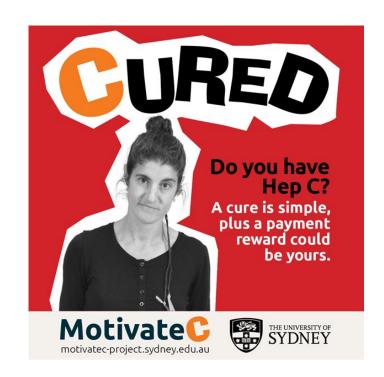
Priority Setting Partnerships

Design: Framing of the research question

- What <u>decision</u> do we want to inform, rather than what hypothesis do we test, e.g.:
 - Question: Should a person with Disease Y be treated with new Drug X instead of the existing standard of care?
- PICO (population, intervention, comparator, outcome)
- Whose decision: policymaker versus clinician versus consumer perspective

Design: Intervention

 What interventions/ comparators are of interest? reasonable?



Design: outcomes

- What outcomes are relevant? 'patient-centred' benefits/ toxicities/ costs
- Core Outcome Sets



Conduct

- When, where, how, and by whom...
 - potential participants are identified, notified/ referred, informed, consented?
 - interventions are delivered?
 - data is gathered? (including testing)



Dissemination

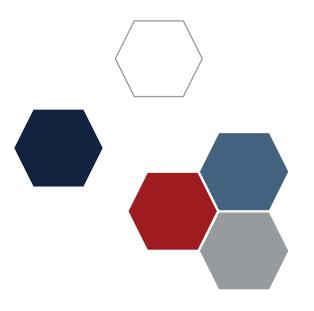
- When, where, how, and by whom...
 - Study results are reported to participants, stakeholders (including the target population), the broader community.

Acknowledging...

- Mitch Messer
- Ada Parry
- Cath Hughes AM
- Anne McKenzie AM







QUESTION & ANSWER SESSION

(please type in questions in the webinar chat function)

Thank you for your time





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Nominate for an MRFF Grant Assessment Committee (GAC)

https://www.nhmrc.gov.au/ 2021 22 medical research future fund mrff grant opportunities



Register for MRFF grants opportunities

https://www.grants.gov.au/



Check out the grant opportunity forecast

our work/medical research future fund/mrff grant opportunities calendar



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